U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Galveston **DISTRICT OFFICE:** FILE NUMBER: D-17294 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: Texas State: County: Aransas Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 28 01 47.1802; 97 09 26.2861 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 8.931 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Copano Bay Copano Bay Name of watershed: JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Date: 24 May 2005 Completed: Desktop determination Date(s): Site visit(s) Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no"} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: _____. ☑ There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 1.0 acres. There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands and coastal sand flats that receive seasonal tidal waters from Copano Bay.

FILE NUMBER: D-17294

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32 Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:	☑ High Tide Line indicated by:
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris	☐ oil or scum line along shore objects ☐ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)
	changes in the character of soil	physical markings/characteristics
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	tidal gages
	shelving	other:
	other:	
5	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
靏	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland o	lelineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ras	sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
3	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.	
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part	328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).
	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the bas	
李		ne following waters present on the site are not Waters of the
	United States:	nds on longers www.next to 22 CER (200.2
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment po Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to	
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating	and/or diking dry land to collect and
	retain water and which are used exclusively for s	uch purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or
	rice growing.	1 1 minutes of the second of t
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other s	small ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain wa	ter for primarily aesthetic reasons.
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incid	lental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unle	ss and until the construction or excavation operation is
	328.3(a).	the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to inter	estate commerce
		atural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated	
	Other (explain):	
DATA R	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINA	FION (mark all that apply)
	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of th	e applicant.
	Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the ap	plicant.
	This office concurs with the delineation report, dated	l, prepared by (company):
	This office does not concur with the delineation repo	ort, dated, prepared by (company):
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.	
	Corps' navigable waters' studies:	
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: I	Pavaida TV
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps. I	
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Sur	
\boxtimes	National wetlands inventory maps: Bayside, TX.	•
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:	
<u> </u>	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):	
	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): USDA, 1995 Other photographs (Date): I-4464, 26 Feb 2002	
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
E5	Site visit/determination conducted on: (Date)	
	Applicable/supporting case law:	
	Other information (please specify):	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Galveston **DISTRICT OFFICE:** D-17088 FILE NUMBER: PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: Texas State: County: San Patricio Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 27 52 49.7605; 97 16 4.8047 Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 16.0 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Corpus Christi Bay Name of watershed: Corpus Christi Bay JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s): Site visit(s) Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: _acre. There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: <u>0.00 acre.</u> There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. [1] (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

FILE NUMBER: D-17088

	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I the presence of litter and debris I changes in the character of soil I destruction of terrestrial vegetation I other: hydrophytic vegetation Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
圈	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas E	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Roadside drainage ditches Other (explain):
X	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Gregory, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Gregory, Texas State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995, USDA Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: 23811

ΡĮ	20	IF.	CT	1.0	OCA	TIO	N	INFO	RN	1A	TION:

State: Texas Aransas County:

27-59-51.4491 97-8-57.1445 Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: approximately 0.015 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Port Bay Name of watershed: Aransas River

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Date: 27 May 2005 **Completed:** Desktop determination

Date(s): Site visit(s)

Jurisdictional	Determination	(JD)	١

	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
\boxtimes	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	☑ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: approximately 0.015 acre.
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

- A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

D.	Waters defined under 35 CFR part 520.5(a) as waters or the contract of the
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
No.	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.
Ħ	(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
H	(5) The presence of a tributory to a victor identified in (1) = (4) above

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination. Project located in Port Bay which is a navigable water and subject to the ebb and flow of the tide .

Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)

Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:

FILE NUMBER: 23811 High Tide Line indicated by:

	clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
卷	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
\bowtie	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Aransas Pass, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Datural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Aransas County National wetlands inventory maps: Aransas Pass State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC **FILE NUMBER:** SWG-05-29-003

State: Texas

County: Nueces
Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

N27-52-42/W97-05-48

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 1.1 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Aransas Channel Name of watershed: Redfish Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Site visit(s) Date(s): 11 April 2005, 11 May 2005

33	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
X	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.047 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

V.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
3. 1	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(111) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industrial (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Saltwater coastal flat wetlands adjacent and contiguous with the Aransas Channel.

Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)

Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:

FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-29-003 High Tide Line indicated by:

	□ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ oil or scum line along shore objects □ the presence of litter and debris □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ changes in the character of soil □ physical markings/characteristics □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ tidal gages □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
\boxtimes	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: ERIS (Phil Hanley)
Basi	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
ERIS	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated 7 June 2004, prepared by (company): Phil Hanley, Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Estes, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 2002 DOQQ Other photographs (Date):
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 11 April 2005, 11 May 2005 Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC FILE NUMBER: 23798 PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: TX County: Nueces 27-48-36/97-08-11 Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 4.5 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Corpus Christi Bay Corpus Christi Bay Name of watershed: JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Date: 24 may 2005 **Completed:** Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date(s): Jurisdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \) (or) \(\square there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit the limit there appear to be no "waters of the limit the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Approved JD − An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: ▼ There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 4.5 acres. Mattheware "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 4.5 acres. ☐ There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction. BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce. B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Tidal waters of Corpus Christi Bay

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

[1] (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

FILE NUMBER: 23798

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
Ø	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: 2 September 1971 Galveston District List of Navigable Waters of the US U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC

FILE NUMBER: D-17303

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State: Texas Cameron County:

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

26-02-23/97-15-37

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.112 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Bahia Grande Name of watershed: Laguna Madre

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Date: 24 May 2005 **Completed:** Desktop determination

Date(s): 12 June 2003 Site visit(s)

Jurisdictional Determination (JD)

	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
×	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	★ There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.112 acres.
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of N Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

io (of Jurisdictional determination
Α.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
877	The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
	the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
В.	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
П	(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands ¹ .

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Bahia Grande is adjacent to Laguna Madre and the Brownsville Ship Channel.

FILE NUMBER: D-17303

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects □ fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) □ physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages □ other:
88	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
S 2	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA R	EEVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Laguna Vista, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): DOQQ 1995, 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): June 2003 site visit.

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RCC FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-12-015

FILE N	J MBER :	SWG-05-	12-015			
Stat Cou Cen App Nar	e: inty: ter coordi proximate	Texas Nueces inates of si size of are	te (latitude/ ea (parcel) re vay: Corpus Corpus Ch	longitude eviewed, Christi B	including	27-49-29/97-04-28 g uplands: 9.4 acres.
			CRMINATI determinati t(s)		×	Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):
Jur			ination (JD			
	United S	States" and	Based on ava I/or "naviga R part 331).	ble waters	ormation s of the U	, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the Inited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
\boxtimes		ed JD – Ai ll that app		JD is an a	ppealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	Ther	e are "nav ewed area.	igable wate Approxim	ers of the late size o	United St f jurisdic	ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within tional area:
	⊠ Ther reviewe	<i>e are</i> "wa d area. A	ters of the U	Jnited Sta size of ju	tes" (as o	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area: 5.1 acres.
	Ther	re are "iso	lated, non-r Decision Jurisdiction	supported	intra-sta by SWA	ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
BASIS A.	Waters The pres	defined u	aters that ar	FR part 3	29 as "n to the eb	avigable waters of the United States": b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in out interstate or foreign commerce.
B.	(1) The interstat	presence te or forei	of waters, w	hich are o e, includi	currently ng all wa	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in the subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. nterstate wetlands ¹ .
	(3) The sandflat destruct [(i) (ii) [(iii) [presence ts, wetland tion of wh which are) from whi i) which are	of other wat ls, sloughs, ich could af or could be ch fish or sl e or could be	ters such a prairie po fect inters used by intellfish ar oe used fo	as intrasta tholes, w state com interstate e or coul- r industri	ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply): or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. al purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Saltwater coastal flat wetland adjacent (contiguous) to Corpus Christi Bay.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-12-015

Lat	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I changes in the character of soil I destruction of terrestrial vegetation I shelving Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
×	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Shiner Moseley & Associates, Inc.
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 17 May 2005, prepared by (company): Shiner Mosely & nc. ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Port Aransas, Texas U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Nuces County, 1965 National wetlands inventory maps: Port Aransas, Texas State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 2002 DOQQ Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-17312

State Cour Cent Appr	e: Tex nty: Nu er coordinate roximate size	xas seces s of site of area	ORMATION: (latitude/longit (parcel) review	ude): ed, includin	N 27.89182 W 97.61122 g uplands: 0.5 acres.
	e of nearest v		y: Nueces Rive Nueces River		
	pleted: De			×	Date: 5/26/05 Date(s):
	sdictional De				
	Preliminary . United States (Reference 3	s" and/o	r "navigable wa	information aters of the U	n, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
\boxtimes	Approved JI Check all that			an appealabl	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	There are the reviewed	e "navig l area. A	able waters of the Approximate size	the United S ze of jurisdic	tates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ctional area: 0.001 acres.
			s of the United roximate size o		defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the nal area:
	There ar]	ted, non-navige Decision suppo Jurisdiction.	able, intra-st rted by SWA	ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
A .	Waters defi	ined und	ers that are sub	rt 329 as "n ject to the eb	navigable waters of the United States": bb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in bort interstate or foreign commerce.
B.	(1) The presinterstate or (2) The pres	sence of foreign sence of	waters, which a commerce, inc interstate water	are currently luding all wars including	as "waters of the United States": used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in aters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. interstate wetlands ¹ .
	(3) The pressandflats, we destruction (i) which (ii) from (iii) who (iii) who (iii) who (iii) who (iiii) who (iiii) who (iiiii) who (iiiii) who (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	sence of etlands, of which ch are on which ich are	other waters su sloughs, prairie could affect in could be used fish or shellfis or could be use	ch as intrast e potholes, waterstate comby interstate h are or could for industr	ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, vet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or immerce including any such waters (check all that apply): e or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. Id be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. The including any such waters of the US.
	(5) The pres	sence of	a tributary to a territorial seas	water identi ent ² to other	region (1) – (4) above. waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-17312

Lat	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Image: Water Mark indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indicated by: Image: Clear line indi
s	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Odem, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Odem, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 14392(05)/1964

PROJEC	CT LOCATION INFORMATION:		
App Nan		including	N 28.66747 W 96.63586 g uplands: 1.0 acres.
	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION npleted: Desktop determination Site visit(s)	×	Date: 5/12/05 Date(s):
Jur	isdictional Determination (JD):		
	Preliminary JD - Based on available in United States" and/or "navigable wate (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	formation	a, ☐ there appear to be (or) ☐ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
\boxtimes	Approved JD – An approved JD is an Check all that apply:	appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	☐ There are "navigable waters of the the reviewed area. Approximate size of the the reviewed area.	United St of jurisdic	tates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within tional area: 0.01 acres.
	There are "waters of the United St reviewed area. Approximate size of ju	ates" (as a	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the lal area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable Decision supporte Jurisdiction.	e, intra-sta d by SWA	ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
Α.	OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMIN Waters defined under 33 CFR part The presence of waters that are subject the past, or may be susceptible for use	329 as "n t to the eb	avigable waters of the United States": b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in out interstate or foreign commerce.
B.	interstate or foreign commerce, include (2) The presence of interstate waters is (3) The presence of other waters such sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie presence of which could affect intersection of which could affect intersection (i) which are or could be used by (ii) from which fish or shellfish a (iii) which are or could be used for (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise (5) The presence of a tributary to a watersection.	currently ling all wa ncluding i as intrasta otholes, w rstate com interstate are or coul or industrie defined	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in sters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. Interstate wetlands. Interstate wetlands. Interstate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, ret meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply): Interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. In detail description of the degradation or description or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. In detail degradation or degradation or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. In degradation or degradation or foreign commerce. In degradation or degradation or degradation or degradation or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. In degradation or degradation
E a	•		waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. nation (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional
ixa	tioninia to: the Dadio of Garibatetional		the last the state of the state

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

	FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1964
Lat	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ tidal gages □ other: □ other: □ other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
19	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Kamey, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

TRICT OFFICE: CESWG

	UMBER:	23805				
St Co Co A ₁	ate: ounty: enter coordi oproximate	TION INFORMAT Texas Willacy inates of site (latitude) size of area (parcel) r est waterway: Port M ershed: Laguna M	/longitude): reviewed, includir lansfield Harbor	N 26.55175 W 97.42915 ag uplands: 0.6 acres.		
		AL DETERMINAT Desktop determinat Site visit(s)		Date: 5/26/05 Date(s):		
Ju	ırisdictiona	al Determination (JE)):			
	United S	nary JD - Based on av States" and/or "naviga nce 33 CFR part 331).	ble waters of the	n, \(\sum \) there appear to be (or United States" on the project	there appear to be no "water to site. A preliminary JD is not app	s of the pealable
×		ed JD – An approved ll that apply:	JD is an appealab	le action (Reference 33 CFF	t part 331).	
	☒ Ther the revie	re are "navigable wate wed area. Approxim	ers of the United S nate size of jurisdi	States" (as defined by 33 CF ctional area: 0.033 acres.	R part 329 and associated guidance	e) within
	Ther	re are "waters of the Ud area. Approximate	United States" (as size of jurisdiction	defined by 33 CFR part 32 nal area:	8 and associated guidance) within	the
	Ther	re are "isolated, non- Decision Jurisdicti	supported by SW	tate waters or wetlands" wit ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule	thin the reviewed area. Information Sheet for Determina	tion of No
Δ	. Waters The pres	sence of waters that a	FR part 329 as " re subject to the e	navigable waters of the Un	or are presently used, or have beer	ı used in
_	(1) The interstat (2) The (3) The sandflat destruct	presence of waters, we te or foreign commerce presence of interstate presence of other wates, wetlands, sloughs, tion of which could at which are or could be	which are currently ce, including all we waters including ters such as intras prairie potholes, ffect interstate con a used by interstat	vaters which are subject to the interstate wetlands tate lakes, rivers, streams (in wet meadows, playa lakes, on merce including any such takes.	past, or may be susceptible to use in the ebb and flow of the tide. Including intermittent streams), must read ponds, the use, degradation waters (check all that apply): Exercitional or other purposes.	ıdflats,

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as made (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.
(6) The presence of territorial seas.
(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

[(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

FILE NUMBER: 23805

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
E	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
⊠	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Port Mansfield, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Port Mansfield, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2003 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23806

FILE N	JMBER: 23806
Stat Cou Cen App Nan	ct Location information: e: Texas nty: Aransas ter coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): N 28.11257 W 97.04760 proximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 11.5 acres. the of nearest waterway: Copano Bay the of watershed: Copano Bay
	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION npleted: Desktop determination
Jur	isdictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
×	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply: Mathematical There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 1.3 Acres.
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.
Δ	OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States": The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
B	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply): (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce. (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

FILE NUMBER: 23806

Lat	reral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ destruction of terministics (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:
Ø	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
1	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Rockport, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Rockport, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 23807

			NFORMATION:		
	Appr Nam	er coordinates of oximate size of a	s site (latitude/longitude rea (parcel) reviewed, rway: Copano Bay Copano Bay	e): including	N 28.06521 W 97.11174 uplands: 0.5 acres.
JUR	ISDI Com	CTIONAL DET pleted: Deskto Site vis			Date: 5/26/2005 Date(s):
		sdictional Deter			
		Preliminary JD - United States" as (Reference 33 C	nd/or "navigable water	formation s of the U	, \(\subseteq there appear to be \) (or) \(\subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the nited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	\boxtimes	Approved JD – A Check all that ap		appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		☑ There are "n the reviewed are	avigable waters of the a. Approximate size of	United State of jurisdict	ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within cional area: 0.25 acres.
		There are "wreviewed area.	vaters of the United Sta Approximate size of ju	ates" (as our isdictions	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area:
		There are "i.	solated, non-navigable Decision supported Jurisdiction.	e, <i>intra-sta</i> d by SWA	ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BAS	Δ	Waters defined The presence of	waters that are subject	329 as "nate to the ebl	avigable waters of the United States": b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in out interstate or foreign commerce.
	B.	(1) The presence interstate or fore (2) The presence	e of waters, which are eign commerce, include of interstate waters in	currently ing all wancluding in	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in ters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. nterstate wetlands.
		sandflats, wetlandestruction of well (i) which a (ii) from w	nds, sloughs, prairie pothich could affect intering or could be used by hich fish or shellfish a	otholes, we state com- interstate re or could	ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply): or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. al purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
		(4) Impoundme (5) The presence (6) The presence	nts of waters otherwise of a tributary to a water of territorial seas. The of wetlands adjacent	e defined a ater identif	as waters of the US. fied in (1) – (4) above. waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.
	_		! C T!. distingal	Determin	ection (applies to any boyes checked above) If the jurisdictional

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23807

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
<u>⊠</u>	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Rockport, TX U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Rockport, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 14392(05)/1966

PROJ	EC	Γ LOCATION INFORMATION:		
S	tate:	Texas		
	oun			
C	ente	er coordinates of site (latitude/longitude	e):	N 28.07158 W 97.07965
Α	ppr	oximate size of area (parcel) reviewed,	including	g uplands: 0.5 acres.
N	lame	e of nearest waterway: Salt Lake		
		e of watershed: Copano Bay		
JURIS	SDI	CTIONAL DETERMINATION		
C	Com	pleted: Desktop determination	\boxtimes	Date: 5/26/05
		Site visit(s)		Date(s):
J		dictional Determination (JD):		D. L. Sundana of the
		Preliminary JD - Based on available in United States" and/or "navigable water (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	formation s of the U	, \(\sum \) there appear to be (or) \(\sum \) there appear to be no "waters of the Inited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
		Approved JD – An approved JD is an a Check all that apply:	appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
		There are "navigable waters of the the reviewed area. Approximate size of	United Stof jurisdic	ates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within tional area: 0.01 acres.
		There are "waters of the United Stareviewed area. Approximate size of ju	ates" (as our isdiction	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the al area:
		There are "isolated, non-navigable Decision supporte Jurisdiction.	e, intra-sto d by SWA	nte waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. NCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No.
D.A.CI		F JURISDICTIONAL DETERMIN	ATION:	
BASI	SU	of JURISDIC HUNAL DETERMIN	ATION:	ovigable westers of the United States".
_	A . ⊠	The presence of waters that are subject the past, or may be susceptible for use	to the eb	avigable waters of the United States": b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ort interstate or foreign commerce.
	n	Waters defined under 33 CFR part	229 2(a) (se "waters of the United States".
,	B.	(1) The presence of waters which are	currently	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	727-0	interstate or foreign commerce includ	ing all wa	tters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	a 500	(2) The presence of interstate waters in	nchiding i	nterstate wetlands ¹
		(3) The presence of other waters such sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie pudestruction of which could affect interest.	as intrasta otholes, w state com	ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, et meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or merce including any such waters (check all that apply):
		(i) which are or could be used by	interstate	or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
		(ii) from which fish or shellfish a	re or coul	d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
		(iii) which are or could be used for	or industri	al purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	П	(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise	e defined	as waters of the US.
	Ħ	(5) The presence of a tributary to a wa	ter identi	fied in (1) – (4) above.
		(6) The presence of territorial seas		
	đ	(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent	2 to other	waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.
	Rat			nation (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1966 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: ioil or scum line along shore objects
 ine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) clear, natural line impressed on the bank fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other: shelving other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.

Data sheets prepared submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Rockport, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Rockport, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): (NGVD) 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 14392(05)/1967

TLE IV	MIDEK.	14372(33)/1707		
PRO IFO	T LOCA	TION	INFORMATION:		
State		Texas			
Cou		Kleber	rg		
Cen	ter coordir	nates of	site (latitude/longit	ude):	N 27.30693 W 97.65953
App	roximate s	size of a	area (parcel) reviewe	ed, including	g uplands: ~0.67 acres.
Nan	ne of neare	st wate	erway: Cayo del Gru	llo	•
	ne of water		Baffin Bay		
			•		
JURISD	ICTIONA	L DE	TERMINATION		
Con	npleted:	Deskto	op determination	⊠ □	Date: 5/26/05
	_	Site vi	isit(s)		Date(s):
			• /		
Jur			mination (JD):		
	Prelimina	ary JD ·	 Based on available 	information	, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
				iters of the U	Inited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Referen	ce 33 C	CFR part 331).		
					(T. A. CED. (201)
\boxtimes				ın appealable	e action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
	Check al	l that a _l	ρply:		
	5	.,		1 17 1 10	22 (and defined by 22 CED nort 220 and associated guidance) within
	X There	are "n	avigable waters of t	ne United Si	tates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within
	the revie	wed are	ea. Approximate siz	e of jurisuic	tional area: 0.1 acres.
	TI TI	66-	votore of the United	States" (as	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:				
	reviewed	aica.	Approximate size of	i jui isaiction	iai arca.
	There	are "i	isolated non-naviga	ble intra-sto	ate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.
			Decision suppor	rted by SWA	ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
		س	Jurisdiction.		,
BASIS	OF JURIS	SDICT	IONAL DETERM	INATION:	
Δ	Waters	defined	l under 33 CFR pa	rt 329 as "n	avigable waters of the United States":
×	The pres	ence of	waters that are subj	ect to the eb	b and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
	the past,	or may	be susceptible for i	ise to transp	ort interstate or foreign commerce.
	_				
В.	Waters	define	d under 33 CFR pa	rt 328.3(a) a	as "waters of the United States":
	(1) The 1	presenc	e of waters, which a	re currently	used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in
	interstate	e or for	eign commerce, incl	luding all wa	aters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(2) The	presenc	e of interstate water	s including i	interstate wetlands'.
	(3) The	presenc	e of other waters su	ch as intrasta	ate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats,
	sandflats	s, wetla	nds, sloughs, prairie	potholes, w	ret meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or
	destructi	ion of v	which could affect in	iterstate com	merce including any such waters (check all that apply):
	☐ (i) v	which a	re or could be used	by interstate	or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
	☐ (ii)	trom w	hich fish or shellfish	n are or coul	d be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
	(iii)	which	are or could be used	i ior industri	ial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(4) Impo	oundme	ents of waters otherw	vise defined	as waters of the U.S.
2.5				water identi	fied in (1) – (4) above.
35	(6) The	presenc	ce of territorial seas.	ant ² to other	waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.
	(/) Ine	presenc	te of wellands adjace	ent to other	waters of the 65, except for those wettailed adjacent to other wettailed.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1967 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) High Tide Line indicated by: Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ✓ survey to available datum; ✓ physical markings; ✓ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: NWI **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.

Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Riviera Beach, TX U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Riviera Beach, TX State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): (NGVD) 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): GLO 2002 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG-PE-RC

FILE NUMBER: I-5000

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Gavleston

29° 28' 17"N, 94° 36' 23"W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: Unknown

Name of nearest waterway: GIWW / East Galveston Bay

Name of watershed: East Galveston Bay

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 17 May 2005

Date(s): 14 December 2004 and 21 January 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the appear to be no United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: Unknown.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

[(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The wetlands are adjacent because they are contiguous with the Gulf Intracoastal Waterway/ East Galveston Bay, both navigable waters of the United States subject to the ebb and flow of the daily tide.

FILE NUMBER: I-5000

La 🍱		xtent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and nary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:	329) High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
		High Water Mark indicated by: arvey to available datum; physical markings; veget	ation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetla	and boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delinear	tion map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	The re Unabl Heado The C	Not Asserting Jurisdiction: eviewed area consists entirely of uplands. let o confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a) quarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 Corps has made a case-specific determination that the follod d States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or retain water and which are used exclusively for such purice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small o by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental t the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the de 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate of Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural	G CFR part 328.3(a)(3). In the series of th
		Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dr. Other (explain):	y land. Explain rationale:
DATA I	Maps, Data s Data s Corps' U.S. G U.S. G U.S. G U.S. G USDA Nation State/I FEMA 100-ye Aerial Other I Advan	wed for Jursidictional determination (plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant, his office concurs with the delineation report, dated his office does not concur with the delineation report, dated his office does not concur with the delineation report, dated his office does not concur with the delineation report, dated his office does not concur with the delineation report, dated heets prepared by the Corps. In avigable waters' studies: Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Caplen, Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: In Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: Gallal wetlands inventory maps: Caplen, Tx Local wetland inventory maps: Caplen, Tx Local wetland inventory maps: In Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Photographs (Mame & Date): Caplen, Tx DOQQ: 1995 photographs (Date): Ced Identification Wetland maps: Sit/determination conducted on: 14 December 2004 and 2	cant. , prepared by (company): d , prepared by (company): Tx Alveston County, Texas 2, July 5, 1993
	Applic	rable/supporting case law: information (please specify):	1 January 2003

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** D-14803/(01)

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
State:	Texas	
	_	_

County: Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29 00' 03"N, 95 13' 29" W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 19.5 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Gulf of Mexico
Name of watershed: Austin Oyster

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

S.

Date:

Date(s): 04 November 2004

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

14	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.70 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetlands are located in close proximity to the Gulf of Mexico, therefore they are adjacent to the Gulf of Mexico, which is a navigable water of the United States.

FILE NUMBER: D-14803/01

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other: observation by USACE personnel
翻	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
⊠ Bas	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: Andy Bouse sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.
3	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States:
	 □ Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. □ Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. □ Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing.
	rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
\boxtimes	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated 14 March 2005, prepared by (company): Andy Bouse This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company):
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: 1993 Christmas Point U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: 1981Brazoria County National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps:
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Brazoria County, Panel 675, Revised 04 May 1992 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): TNRIS Christmas Point DOQQ, 1995; TxGLO Jan 2002; TxGLO Mar 2003 Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps:
	Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): CESWG-PE-R file D-10564/01

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-16940

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Orange

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 30-8-33.954 N

Long: 94-2-30.858 W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 8 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Wetland adjacent to the Neches River

Lower Neches River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 25 May 2005

Date(s): 3 February 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Site visit(s)

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: unknown.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetland is contiguous with the Neches River, a navigable water of the United States, and therefore, is adjacent.

FILE NUMBER: D-16940 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: □ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; □ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Pine Forest, Tex. Photorevised 1974 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Orange County, Texas; Panel 25 of 250 dated 6 January 1983 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 Infrared Aerial Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: 3 February 2005

Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-16940

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Orange

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 30-9-8.8887 N

Long: 94-2-29.3562 W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.05 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Wetland adjacent to Tiger Creek

Lower Neches River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 25 May 2005

Date(s): 3 February 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square\) there appear to be (or) \(\square\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.05 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Wetland is contiguous with the Tiger Creek which is a tributary of the Neches River, a navigable water of the United States, and therefore, is adjacent.

FILE NUMBER: D-16940 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Pine Forest, Tex. Photorevised 1974 U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): Orange County, Texas; Panel 25 of 250 dated 6 January 1983 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): 1995 Infrared Aerial Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps:

Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Site visit/determination conducted on: 3 February 2005

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-12-017

PROJECT L	OCATION	INFORM	ATION:
FRUJECIE	OCALIVA	TI II OILIV	TI I CI II

State:

Texas

County:

Jasper Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 30.16.35 Long: 94.02.16

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Tenmile Creek Name of watershed: Lower Neches

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 31 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \) (or) \(\square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-12-017

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other:
5	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
E	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
	□ Other (explain): EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. □ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): □ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Autural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE FILE NUMBER: 23		
State: Texas County: Liberty Center coordinat Approximate siz Name of nearest	es of site (latitude/longitude): 30° 0 e of area (parcel) reviewed, includir waterway: Trinity River led: Lower Trinity	03' 31"N, 94° 49' 04"W ng uplands: <u>1.6</u> acres.
Completed: D	DETERMINATION esktop determination ite visit(s)	Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):
Jurisdictional D	etermination (JD):	
United State	JD - Based on available informations" and/or "navigable waters of the 33 CFR part 331).	on, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
Approved J Check all th		le action (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
There at the reviewe	re "navigable waters of the United S d area. Approximate size of jurisdi	States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ctional area:1.6
There a	re "waters of the United States" (as rea. Approximate size of jurisdiction	s defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the onal area:
I There a	re "isolated, non-navigable, intra-s. Decision supported by SW. Jurisdiction.	tate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
A. Waters def	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION: fined under 33 CFR part 329 as "ince of waters that are subject to the elemany be susceptible for use to transp	navigable waters of the United States": bb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
(1) The pre interstate o (2) The pre (3) The pre sandflats, v destruction (ii) wh (iii) fro (iii) w (4) Impour (5) The pre	r foreign commerce, including all wasence of interstate waters including sence of other waters such as intrastivetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, was of which could affect interstate confich are or could be used by interstate on which fish or shellfish are or could be used for industrial diments of waters otherwise defined assence of a tributary to a water ident seence of territorial seas.	y used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in vaters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. interstate wetlands ¹ . tate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or inmerce including any such waters (check all that apply): e or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. It is to the use, degradation or other purposes. It is to the use, degradation or other purposes. It is to the use, degradation or other purposes. It is waters of the US.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). The project is located in the Trinity River, which is a navigable waterway.

La	Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) 23800 Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
S	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	Sis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Datural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-12-016	
PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: State: Texas County: Jefferson County Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): 29.6794°N, 93.8803°W Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:	
JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Completed: Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):	
Jurisdictional Determination (JD):	
Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the pro (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	(or) there appear to be no "waters of the object site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 Check all that apply:	
There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 1.0 ac	<u> </u>
There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 6.0 acre	328 and associated guidance) within the
There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird F Jurisdiction.	within the reviewed area. Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION: A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide a the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign	nd of the presently the training
 B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the Unite (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands. (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, stream sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa laked destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such in the interstate of the could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industriction (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above. (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, exceint 	to the ebb and flow of the tide. s (including intermittent streams), mudflats, es, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or each waters (check all that apply): recreational or other purposes. interstate or foreign commerce. es in interstate commerce.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). The proposed project is located in the Gulf of Mexico and its adjacent wetlands.

L	ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:	328 and 329) SWG-05-12-016 High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other: Applicant supplied information
\(\sigma\)	□ survey to available datum; □ physical markings; [Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland	delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by
Ba	Waste treatment systems, including treatment per Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating retain water and which are used exclusively for rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain work water-filled depressions created in dry land incit the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unlead abandoned and the resulting body of water meet 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interest the same area.	rt 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). sis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the onds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. o upland if the irrigation ceased. and/or diking dry land to collect and such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or small ornamental bodies of water created ater for primarily aesthetic reasons. dental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for ess and until the construction or excavation operation is s the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR restate commerce. Vatural Resources Conservation Service, Explain rationals.
DATA 1	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the ap ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Surv	ne applicant. plicant. d 12 Aug 2004, prepared by (company): John Chance Land Sv. ort, dated, prepared by (company):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE. CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23799

State: Count Center Appro Name	Texas y: Polk r coordinat eximate siz of nearest	e of area (parcel)	e/longitude): 31° (reviewed, includi med tributary of th	ng upianus <i>_</i>	48' 17.52"W (NAD27 0 acres.	7)
JURISDIC Comp	oleted: D	DETERMINA Desktop determin Site visit(s)	TION ation	Date: 24 Ma Date(s):	y 2005	
Juris	dictional I	Determination (ID):			
	Preliminary United Stat		available informations and the gable waters of the	on, there appeared the thick the th	pear to be (or) there	e appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD is not appealable
	Check all t	hat apply:			rence 33 CFR part 331	
	There of the review	are "navigable wa ed area. Approx	aters of the United imate size of jurisd	States" (as defi lictional area: _	ned by 33 CFR part 32	9 and associated guidance) within
	There of reviewed a	are "waters of the area. Approxima	e United States" (a te size of jurisdicti	as defined by 33 onal area:	CFR part 328 and assorting 1.81 acres	ociated guidance) within the
	There o	are "isolated, no Decisio Jurisdi	on supported by SV	state waters or WANCC/Migrat	vetlands" within the re ory Bird Rule Informa	eviewed area. tion Sheet for Determination of No
A	Waters de	efined under 33	are subject to the	"navigable wat ebb and flow of	ers of the United Stat the tide and/or are pre or foreign commerce.	tes": esently used, or have been used in
	(1) The printerstate (2) The printerstate (3) The printerstate (3) The printerstate (i) with the printerstate (ii) with the printerstate (iii)	resence of waters or foreign comm resence of interst resence of other wetlands, slough on of which could hich are or could rom which fish o which are or could undments of wateresence of a triburesence of territor resence of wetlands.	which are current erce, including all ate waters including waters such as intrais, prairie potholes. I affect interstate or be used by interstar shellfish are or cold be used for industrs otherwise definitary to a water ide rial seas.	waters which are general waters which are general wet astate lakes, rive, wet meadows, ommerce includate or foreign trould be taken an strial purposes bed as waters of intified in (1) — (the mer waters of the waters of the mer waters of the waters	ands ¹ . streams (including playa lakes, or natural ing any such waters (c velers for recreational d sold in interstate or f y industries in interstate us. 4) above. US, except for those waters in the US.	intermittent streams), mudflats, ponds, the use, degradation or heck all that apply): I or other purposes. foreign commerce. tte commerce.
Rat	ionale for	the Basis of Jur	isdictional Deteri of the Neches Rive	mmation (appii r and is contigu	ous with an unnamed t	ted above). The impacted wetlands ributary that flowsinto the Neches

are in the 100-year floodplain of the Neches River and is contiguous with an unnamed tributary that flowsinto the Neches River, a navigable water of the United States.

	pateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329)	
	Ingli ride Line indicated by.	
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects	
	the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)	
	changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics	
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages	
	shelving other:	
	other:	
Z	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:	
	survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	

×	we will all the state of the st	
	Wetland boundaries have been verified by the Galveston District's Compliance Section.	
Ra	asis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:	
	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7).	
	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3).	
	The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the	_
***************************************	United States:	_
	Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.	
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.	
	retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins,	or
	rice growing.	
	Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created	
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.	
	Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land	l for
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is	
	abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 C	FR
	328.3(a).	
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.	
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:	
	Other (explain):	
	Complain).	
DATA	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply):	
<u> </u>	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.	
	This office concurs with the delineation report.	
	This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated, prepared by (company):	
304 374	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.	
<u>480</u>	Corps' navigable waters' studies:	
30 9 07	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:	
	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
3.3 773	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:	
	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey:	
624	National wetlands inventory maps:	
	State/Local wetland inventory maps:	
胃	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):	
đ	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)	
Ħ	Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):	
	Other photographs (Date):	
Ħ	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:	
	Site visit/determination conducted on:	
	Applicable/supporting case law:	
	Other information (please specify):	
Service:	(France aproxy).	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23784

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
	T	

State:

Texas

County:

Brazoria County

29° 07' 10" N, 95° 19' 48"' W

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.81 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Bastrop Bayou

Name of watershed:

HUc Code: 12090205 Austin Oyster

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 24 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Bastrop Bayou downstream from this project site is navigable 1.6 miles inland. The bayou at the project site is contiguous with the navigable section of Bastrop Bayou and is therefore jurisdictional.

FILE NUMBER: 23784 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.

Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Oyster Creek Quadrangle U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Oyster Creek Quadrangle State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):

Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.



Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23781

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION	PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATI	ON:
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State:

Texas

Matagorda County County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

28° 47' 09" N, 95° 35' 14' W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0..23 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Gulf Intracoastal Waterway

Huc Code: 12090402, East Matagorda Bay Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):

Site visit(s)

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Jurisdictional Determination (92).	
Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be	minary JD is not appealable

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

_	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States".
в.	waters defined under 35 CFR part 52 or ware used in the past or may be susceptible to use if
	Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the Onice States". (1) The presence of waters, which are currently users which we result to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(1) The presence of waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
	(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, of were used, to the ebb and flow of the tide. interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
-	finterestate waters including interstate wetlands'.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
- (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
- (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas.
 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The GIWW is a federally maintained inland waterway. It is subject to the ebb and flow of the tides. Therefore it is a navigable water of the United States and is subject to USACE jurisdiction.

FILE NUMBER: 23781

	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I changes in the character of soil I destruction of terrestrial vegetation Shelving Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics U tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	 Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA E	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Cedar Lakes West U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Actual Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Cedar Lakes West State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): Multiple other DA Permits have been issued along the GIWW in this area.

3-13

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG

DISTRIC' FILE NU	T OFFICE: CESWG MBER: 14392(05)/1942
State: Coun Cente Appr Name	
JURISDI Com	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION Appleted: Desktop determination Site visit(s) Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):
Juri	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
Ø	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:
	There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.
	There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

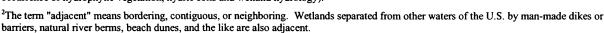
Jurisdiction.

- Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":
- The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.
- B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":
- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
- (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands [
- (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
- (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
- (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (6) The presence of territorial seas. (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: The San Bernard River is part of a 26.7 mile federal river and harbor project. It is navigable 51.3 miles inland. In its lower reaches it is subject to the ebb and flow of the tides, and it is contiguous with the Gulf of Mexico.

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1942 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. П Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Cedar Lane Quadrangle U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Cedar Lane Quadrangle State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).



Other information (please specify):



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23744

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
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State:

Texas

County:

Calhoun

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 14, 724409E, 3144497N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Antonio Bay Name of watershed:

San Antonio Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 7 Apr 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq there appear to be \) (or) \(\subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: San Antonio Bay is a navigable water of the U.S.

	al Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	lean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
V	Vetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
TO U	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a).
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
M D C C U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	VIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): applicant. ata sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets pre

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG

FILE NU	MBER: 23788	
State Coun Cent Appr Nam		
JURISDI Con	ICTIONAL DETERMINATION pleted: Desktop determination Site visit(s)	Date: 24 May 2005 Date(s):
Juri	isdictional Determination (JD):	—
	Preliminary JD - Based on available informatio United States" and/or "navigable waters of the (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	on, \square there appear to be (or) \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
×	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealab Check all that apply:	
	the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdi	States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ictional area: 0.007 acre.
	There are "waters of the United States" (a reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdiction	s defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the onal area:
	There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra- Decision supported by SW Jurisdiction.	state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. VANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
A.	the past, or may be susceptible for use to train	ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in
	interstate or foreign commerce, including an (2) The presence of interstate waters including	waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. g interstate wetlands ¹ . ginterstate wetlands ¹ . mudflats,
	(3) The presence of other waters such as into sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes destruction of which could affect interstate could be used by interstation (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iii) which are or could be used for induction (iiiii) which are or could be used for induction (iiiiii) which are or could be used for induction (iiiiii) which are or could be used for induction (iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or ommerce including any such waters (check all that apply): ate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. ould be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. strial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	- \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	a_{n+1} is a a_{n+1} in a_{n+1} and a_{n+1} in a_{n+1} in a_{n+1} in a_{n+1}

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Sweetwater Lake is subject to the ebb and flow of the tides and is contiguous with West Galveston Bay. Therefore Sweetwater Lake is a navigable water of the United States subject to USACE jurisdiction.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

FILE NUMBER: 23788

Lat	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank I the presence of litter and debris I changes in the character of soil I destruction of terrestrial vegetation Shelving Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale:
DATA I	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Lake Como Quadrangle U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Datural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: Lake Como Quadrangle State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify): DA Determination D-12983

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.



Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG

FILE NUMBER: D-17207 & D-17208

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Galveston Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 15, 319210E, 3240649N

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 4 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Offatts Bayou Offatts Bayou Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date:

Date(s): 17 May 2005

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, _ there appear to be (or) _ there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

 Approved JD − An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination: Offatts Bayou is subject to the daily tide and is a navigable water of the U.S.

FILE NUMBER: D-17207 & D-17208

Lat	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Z	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: J.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: J.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: Galveston, Texas J.S. Geological Survey 1.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: J.S. Geo

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG **FILE NUMBER:** 16483(04)

PROJECT	LOCATION	NINFORM.	ATION:
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State:

Texas

County:

Jefferson

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 30.3.35 Long: 94.1.52

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Neches River Neches River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 25 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "water United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands i

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

2 **FILE NUMBER: 16483(04)** Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. \Box Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ☐ This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory mans: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date):

Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23615(01)

PROJECT	LOCATIO	N INFO	RMATIC	N:
PROJECT	LUCATIO	IA HALO	VATATURE TO	,,,,

State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 29.45.15 Long: 95.10.24

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Houston Ship Channel

Name of watershed:

Baffalo Bayou

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Site visit(s)

Date: 24 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "water United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands .

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23615(01) Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for П the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-07-012

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Texas State:

Harris County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29.9436N; 95.2341W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.01 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Garners Bayou Garners Bayou Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 24 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

no "waters of the
no "waters of the is not appealable

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.01 acre.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands .
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.

 - (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. (6) The presence of territorial seas.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: SWG-05-07-012

Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: I clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: I change in the character of soil of scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 10 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23789

PROJECT	LOCATI	ON INF	ORMA	TION:
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State:

Louisiana

County:

Calcasieu Parish

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

30.0862N; 93.5618W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 5.4 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Gulf Intracoastal Waterway

Name of watershed:

Sabine Neches

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 24 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Jurisc	dictional Determination (3D).
J	Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\sum_{\text{there appear to be (or)}} \sum_{\text{there appear to be no}} "waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 5.4 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

- (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.
 - (2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.
 - (3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):
 - (i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.
 - (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.
 - (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
 - (4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.
 - (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) (4) above.
- (7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands. (6) The presence of territorial seas.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23789

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¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-17290

PROJECT 1	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
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State:

Texas

Harris County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 25.59.24 Long: 94.48.24

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.015 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: San Jacinto River

San Jacinto Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 23 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No

Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: D-17290

Later C C C C C C	al Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:	.,
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	
S v	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:	
TO U	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 C 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.	or d for
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):	
M. Da Da Da Co Co U. X. U. S. U. S. U. S. Sta FE 100 Ae Ott Ad Sit Ap	WIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): aps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. ata sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant.] This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. by a raying a sheets of the concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): ata sheets prepared by the Corps. by a raying a sheets prepared by the Corps. Cological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: Cological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: Cological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: Cological Survey 15 Minute Historic qua	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 16000(08)

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
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State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29.7640N; 95.0909W

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 5 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Houston Ship Channel

Name of watershed:

Galveston Bay

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 23 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or) } \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information appear to be no United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.5 acre.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 16000(08) Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: High Tide Line indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank oil or scum line along shore objects the presence of litter and debris fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. \Box Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)

Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date):

Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law:

Other information (please specify): Existing permit authorization

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 21136(03)

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

Lat: 29.44.52 Long: 95.10.43

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 10 acres. Name of nearest waterway: Buffalo Bayou - Houston Ship Channel

Name of watershed:

Buffalo Bayou

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 20 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \) (or) \(\square there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \) (or) \(\square there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \) (or) \(\square there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be no \) "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be no \) "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be no \) "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square the there appear to be no \) "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information the preliminary JD - Based on available infor United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 21136(03)

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 at Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:	and 329) High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
*******	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ ve Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delii	
	rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other sma by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water Water-filled depressions created in dry land incident the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless a abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstat	f 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). Collowing waters present on the site are not Waters of the or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Collowing dry land to collect and purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or all ornamental bodies of water created for primarily aesthetic reasons. Collowing land to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for a until the construction or excavation operation is definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR are commerce.
) [Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on Other (explain):	ral Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: dry land. Explain rationale:
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicate sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicate This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, on the Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S.DA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):	oplicant. ant. , prepared by (company): dated , prepared by (company):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: 23770

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

Polk

County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

30-44-34 / 95-3-46

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.040 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lake Livingston Trinity River Authority Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 26 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.040 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination:

FILE NUMBER: 23770

La	ateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 an Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other:	d 329) High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other:
×	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ⊠ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ veg	etation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland deline	ation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and	33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). Illowing waters present on the site are not Waters of the r lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Indifferent to the irrigation ceased. In disting dry land to collect and purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or cornamental bodies of water created or primarily aesthetic reasons. It to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for d until the construction or excavation operation is definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR commerce.
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on of Other (explain):	Iry land. Explain rationale:
DATA F	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicar Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicar This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:	licant. nt. , prepared by (company):
	Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: 23739

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Polk Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

30-45-0.3 / 95-5-33

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.05 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Lake Livingston Trinity River Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 24 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, there appear to be (or) there appear to be United States and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	JD is not appealable

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.05 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States": (1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: 23739

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by:
Ø	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
5	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons.
	 Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce.
	Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: 23792

State: Count Cente Appro Name	cm 1	UTM 14 753401E 3148614N (WGS84/NAD83) Port O'Connor quad guplands: acres.
TURISDIC	CTIONAL DETERMINATION pleted: Desktop determination Site visit(s)	Date: 13 May 2005 Date(s):
	dictional Determination (JD): Preliminary JD - Based on available information United States" and/or "navigable waters of the U (Reference 33 CFR part 331).	n, \(\sum \) there appear to be (or) \(\sum \) there appear to be no "waters of the Inited States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable
N	Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable	
	the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdic	tates" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within ctional area:
	There are "waters of the United States" (as reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdiction	defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the nal area:
		tate waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. ANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No
A.	the past, or may be susceptible for use to training	bb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in bort interstate or foreign commerce.
B.	interstate or foreign commerce, including all w (2) The presence of interstate waters including (3) The presence of other waters such as intras sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, destruction of which could affect interstate cor (i) which are or could be used by interstat (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could in the could be used for indust (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iii) which are or could be used for industry (iiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiiii) which are or could be used for industry (iiiii) which are	vaters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide. interstate wetlands ¹ . tate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or mmerce including any such waters (check all that apply): e or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. all be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. rial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.
	(7) The presence of wettailes adjacent to the	

FILE NUMBER: 23792

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: Clear, natural line impressed on the bank the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation shelving other: High Tide Line indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics tidal gages other: Plans
<u> </u>	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Ba	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OF	FICE: CESWO
FILE NUMBE	R: 23793

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION:
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State:

Texas

County:

Brazoria

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

UTM 15 272780E 3203508N (NAD27) USGS Freeport Quad

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

Name of nearest waterway: Brazos River Stauffer Channel Brazos River Stauffer Channel Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)



Date: 10 May 2005

acres.

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square there appear to be \text{(or)} \square there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands ¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US. (5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: 23793

	Cordinary High Water Mark indicated by: William High Tide Line indicated by: Oil or scum line along shore objects Oil or scum
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.
	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA F	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 17 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 10 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Su

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: CESWG FILE NUMBER: D-17285

PROJECT LOCATION	TINETIUMATION:
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I KOJECI DO CITAL	

State:

Texas

Galveston

County: Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude): UTM 15 327251E 3246125N (NAD27) USGS Galveston Quad

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands:

Name of nearest waterway: Galveston Ship Channel Galveston Ship Channel Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Site visit(s)

Date: 12 May 05

acres.

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\square\) there appear to be (or) \(\square\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands ¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: D-17285

	teral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ tidal gages □ other: Plans
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
DATA F	CEVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: D-17148

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Galveston

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29-33-21 / 95-3-22

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.002 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Clear Lake Clear Creek Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination Site visit(s)

Date: 23 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \subseteq \text{there appear to be no "waters of the preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{there appear to be (or)} \) United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.002 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area. Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands .

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: D-17148

	eral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: □ clear, natural line impressed on the bank □ the presence of litter and debris □ changes in the character of soil □ destruction of terrestrial vegetation □ shelving □ other: □ other: □ High Tide Line indicated by: □ oil or scum line along shore objects fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) physical markings/characteristics □ tidal gages other:
	Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by:
Bas	is For Not Asserting Jurisdiction: The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:
	Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain):
DATA R	EVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 16 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 18 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 19 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 10 Minute Historic quadrang

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1951

PROJECT	LOCATION	INFORMATION	I:
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State:

Texas

County:

Galveston.

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29-33-21 / 95-3-22

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.023 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Clear Lake Clear Creek Name of watershed:

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 23 May 2005

Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

 Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\subseteq \text{ there appear to be (or) } \subseteq there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).
(Italiana)

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.023 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes. (ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1951

Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) High Tide Line indicated by: Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris changes in the character of soil physical markings/characteristics destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages other: shelving other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: survey to available datum; physical markings; vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. This office concurs with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on: Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE: Galveston District

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1951

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION:

State:

Texas

County:

Harris

Center coordinates of site (latitude/longitude):

29-35-9 / 95-2-34

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: 0.007 acres.

Name of nearest waterway: Taylor Lake

Name of watershed:

Clear Creek/ClearLake

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed: Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

Date: 23 May 2005 Date(s):

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

Preliminary JD - Based on available information, \(\simega\) there appear to be (or) \(\simega\) there appear to be no "waters of the United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable (Reference 33 CFR part 331).

Approved JD – An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

There are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: 0.007 acres.

There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area:

There <u>are</u> "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands¹.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce. (iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) – (4) above.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent² to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

FILE NUMBER: 14392(05)/1951 Lateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 328 and 329) High Tide Line indicated by: Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by: oil or scum line along shore objects clear, natural line impressed on the bank fine shell or debris deposits (foreshore) the presence of litter and debris physical markings/characteristics changes in the character of soil destruction of terrestrial vegetation tidal gages shelving other: other: Mean High Water Mark indicated by: ☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐ vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types. Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland delineation map and/or in a delineation report prepared by: **Basis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:** The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands. Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 328(a)(1, 2, or 4-7). Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis of 33 CFR part 328.3(a)(3). The Corps has made a case-specific determination that the following waters present on the site are not Waters of the United States: Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3. Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased. П Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating and/or diking dry land to collect and retain water and which are used exclusively for such purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other small ornamental bodies of water created by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water for primarily aesthetic reasons. Water-filled depressions created in dry land incidental to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless and until the construction or excavation operation is abandoned and the resulting body of water meets the definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR 328.3(a). Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to interstate commerce. Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale: Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated on dry land. Explain rationale: Other (explain): DATA REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINATION (mark all that apply): Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. Data sheets prepared/submitted by or on behalf of the applicant. , prepared by (company): This office concurs with the delineation report, dated This office does not concur with the delineation report, dated , prepared by (company): Data sheets prepared by the Corps. Corps' navigable waters' studies: U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps: U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles: U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles: USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey: National wetlands inventory maps: State/Local wetland inventory maps: FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date): 100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD) Aerial Photographs (Name & Date): Other photographs (Date): Advanced Identification Wetland maps: Site visit/determination conducted on:

Applicable/supporting case law: Other information (please specify):

Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Corps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.